

CAT 2022

SLOT

2

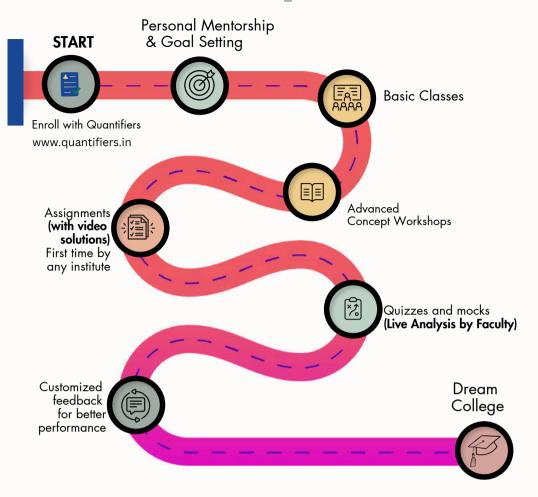
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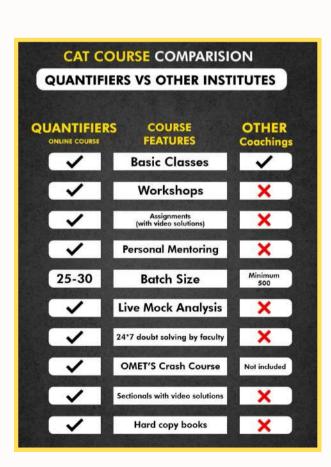
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CAT 2022 SLOT - 2 VARC

DIRECTIONS for the question: The passage below is accompanied by a set of questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

[Octopuses are] misfits in their own extended families They belong to the Mollusca class Cephalopoda. But they don't look like their cousins at all. Other molluscs include sea snails, sea slugs, bivalves – most are shelled invertebrates with a dorsal foot. Cephalopods are all arms, and can be as tiny as 1 centimetre and as large at 30 feet. Some of them have brains the size of a walnut, which is large for an invertebrate...

It makes sense for these molluses to have added protection in the form of a higher cognition; they don't have a shell covering them, and pretty much everything feeds on cephalopods, including humans. But how did cephalopods manage to secure their own invisibility cloak? Cephalopods fire from multiple cylinders to achieve this in varying degrees from species to species. There are four main catalysts – chromatophores, iridophores, papillae and leucophores.....

[Chromatophores] are organs on their bodies that contain pigment sacs, which have red, yellow and brown pigment granules. These sacs have a network of radial muscles, meaning muscles arranged in a circle radiating outwards. These are connected to the brain by a nerve. When the cephalopod wants to change colour, the brain carries an electrical impulse through the nerve to the muscles that expand outwards, pulling open the sacs to display the colours on the skin. Why these three colours? Because these are the colours the light reflects at the depths they live in (the rest is absorbed before it reaches those depths)

Well, what about other colours? Cue the iridophores. Think of a second level of skin that has thin stacks of cells. These can reflect light back at different wavelengths........... It's using the same properties that we've seen in hologram stickers, or rainbows on puddles of oil. You move your head and you see a different colour. The sticker isn't doing anything but reflecting light – it's your movement that's changing the appearance of the colour. This property of holograms, oil and other such surfaces is called "iridescence".......

Papillae are sections of the skin that can be deformed to make a texture bumpy. Even humans possess them (goosebumps) but cannot use them in the manner that cephalopods can. For instance, the use of these cells is how an octopus can wrap itself over a rock and appear jagged or how a squid or cuttlefish can imitate the look of a coral reef by growing miniature towers on its skin. It actually matches the texture of the substrate it chooses.

Finally, the leucophores: According to a paper, published in Nature, cuttlefish and octopuses possess an additional type of reflector cell called a leucophore. They are cells that scatter full spectrum light so that they appear white in a similar way that a polar bear's fur appears white. Leucophores will also reflect any filtered light shown on them...... If the water appears blue at a certain depth, the octopuses and cuttlefish can appear blue; if the water appears green, they appear green, and so on and so forth.

1. All of the following are reasons for octopuses being "misfits" EXCEPT that they: A) exhibit higher intelligence than other molluscs.

- B) have several arms.
- C) are consumed by humans and other animals.
- D) do not possess an outer protective shell.
- 2. Which one of the following statements is not true about the camouflaging ability of Cephalopods?
- A) Cephalopods can change their colour.
- B) Cephalopods can take on the colour of their predator.
- C) Cephalopods can change their texture.
- D) Cephalopods can blend into the colour of their surroundings.
- 3. Based on the passage, it can be inferred that camouflaging techniques in an octopus are most dissimilar to those in:
- A) sea snails
- B) cuttlefish
- C) polar bears

D) squids

- 4. Based on the passage, we can infer that all of the following statements, if true, would weaken the camouflaging adeptness of Cephalopods EXCEPT
- A) the hydrostatic pressure at the depths at which Cephalopods reside renders radial muscle movements difficult.
- B) the temperature of water at the depths at which Cephalopods reside renders the transmission of neural signals difficult.
- C) light reflects the colours red, green, and yellow at the depths at which Cephalopods reside.
- D) the number of chromatophores in Cephalopods is half the number of iridophores and leucophores.

DIRECTIONS for the question: The passage below is accompanied by a set of questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

When we teach engineering problems now, we ask students to come to a single "best" solution defined by technical ideals like low cost, speed to build, and ability to scale. This way of teaching primes students to believe that their decision-making is purely objective, as it is grounded in math and science. This is known as technical-social dualism, the idea that the technical and social dimensions of engineering problems are readily separable and remain distinct throughout the problem-definition and solution process.

Nontechnical parameters such as access to a technology, cultural relevancy or potential harms are deemed political and invalid in this way of learning. But those technical ideals are at their core social and political choices determined by a dominant culture focused on economic growth for the most privileged segments of society. By choosing to downplay public welfare as a critical parameter for engineering design, we risk creating a culture of disengagement from societal concerns amongst engineers that is antithetical to the ethical code of engineering.

In my field of medical devices, ignoring social dimensions has real consequences. ... Most FDA-approved drugs are incorrectly dosed for people assigned female at birth, leading to unexpected adverse reactions. This is because they have been inadequately represented in clinical trials.

Beyond physical failings, subjective beliefs treated as facts by those in decision-making roles can encode social inequities. For example, spirometers, routinely used devices that measure lung capacity, still have correction factors that automatically assume smaller lung capacity in Black and Asian individuals. These racially based adjustments are derived from research done by eugenicists who thought these racial differences were biologically determined and who considered nonwhite people as inferior. These machines ignore the influence of social and environmental factors on lung capacity.

Many technologies for systemically marginalized people have not been built because they were not deemed important such as better early diagnostics and treatment for diseases like endometriosis, a disease that afflicts 10 percent of people with uteruses. And we hardly question whether devices are built sustainably, which has led to a crisis of medical waste and health care accounting for 10 percent of U.S. greenhouse gas emissions.

Social justice must be made core to the way engineers are trained. Some universities are working on this Engineers taught this way will be prepared to think critically about what problems we choose to solve, how we do so responsibly and how we build teams that challenge our ways of thinking.

Individual engineering professors are also working to embed societal needs in their pedagogy. Darshan Karwat at the University of Arizona developed activist engineering to challenge engineers to acknowledge their full moral and social responsibility through practical self- reflection. Khalid Kadir at the University of California, Berkeley, created the popular course Engineering, Environment, and Society that teaches engineers how to engage in place-based knowledge, an understanding of the people, context and history, to design better technical approaches in collaboration with communities. When we design and build with equity and justice in mind, we craft better solutions that respond to the complexities of entrenched systemic problems.

- 5. In this passage, the author is making the claim that:
- A) the objective of best solutions in engineering has shifted the focus of pedagogy from humanism and social obligations to technological perfection.
- B) engineering students today are trained to be non-subjective in their reasoning as this best enables them to develop much-needed universal solutions.
- C) technical-social dualism has emerged as a technique for engineering students to incorporate social considerations into their technical problem-solving processes.
- D) engineering students today are taught to focus on objective technical outcomes, independent of the social dimensions of their work.
- 6. The author gives all of the following reasons for why marginalised people are systematically discriminated against in technology-related interventions EXCEPT
 - A) "But those technical ideals are at their core social and political choices determined by a dominant culture focused on economic growth for the most privileged segments of society."

- B) "Beyond physical failings, subjective beliefs treated as facts by those in decision- making roles can encode social inequities."
- C) "And we hardly question whether devices are built sustainably, which has led to a crisis of medical waste and health care accounting for 10 percent of U.S. greenhouse gas emissions."
- D) "These racially based adjustments are derived from research done by eugenicists who thought these racial differences were biologically determined and who considered non white people as inferior."
- 7. All of the following are examples of the negative outcomes of focusing on technical ideals in the medical sphere EXCEPT the:
- A) neglect of research and development of medical technologies for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases that typically afflict marginalised communities.
- B) exclusion of non-privileged groups in clinical trials which leads to incorrect drug dosages.
- C) incorrect assignment of people as female at birth which has resulted in faulty drug interventions.
- D) continuing calibration of medical devices based on past racial biases that have remained unadjusted for changes.
- 8. We can infer that the author would approve of a more evolved engineering pedagogy that includes all of the following EXCEPT:
- A) making considerations of environmental sustainability intrinsic to the development of technological solutions.
- B) moving towards technical-social dualism where social community needs are incorporated in problem-definition and solutions.
- C) design that is based on the needs of communities using local knowledge and responding to local priorities.
- D) a more responsible approach to technical design and problem-solving than a focus on speed in developing and bringing to scale.

DIRECTIONS for the question: The passage below is accompanied by a set of questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Humans today make music. Think beyond all the qualifications that might trail after this bald statement: that only certain humans make music, that extensive training is involved, that many societies distinguish musical specialists from non musicians, that in today's societies most listen to music rather than making it, and so forth. These qualifications, whatever their local merit, are moot in the face of the overarching truth that making music, considered from a cognitive and psychological vantage, is the province of all those who perceive and experience what is made. We are, almost all of us, musicians — everyone who can entrain (not necessarily dance) to a beat, who can recognize a repeated tune (not necessarily sing it), who can distinguish one instrument or one singing voice from another. I will often use an antique word, recently revived, to name this broader musical experience. Humans are musicking creatures......

The set of capacities that enables musicking is a principal marker of modern humanity. There is nothing polemical in this assertion except a certain insistence, which will figure often in what follows, that

musicking be included in our thinking about fundamental human commonalities. Capacities involved in musicking are many and take shape in complicated ways, arising from innate dispositions Most of these capacities overlap with nonmusical ones, though a few may be distinct and dedicated to musical perception and production. In the area of overlap, linguistic capacities seem to be particularly important, and humans are (in principle) language- makers in addition to music-makers — speaking creatures as well as musicking ones.

Humans are symbol-makers too, a feature tightly bound up with language, not so tightly with music. The species Cassirer dubbed Homo symbolicus cannot help but tangle musicking in webs of symbolic thought and expression, habitually making it a component of behavioral complexes that form such expression. But in fundamental features musicking is neither language-like nor symbol-like, and from these differences come many clues to its ancient emergence.

If musicking is a primary, shared trait of modern humans, then to describe its emergence must be to detail the coalescing of that modernity. This took place, archaeologists are clear, over a very long durée: at least 50,000 years or so, more likely something closer to 200,000, depending in part on what that coalescence is taken to comprise. If we look back 20,000 years, a small portion of this long period, we reach the lives of humans whose musical capacities were probably little different from our own. As we look farther back we reach horizons where this similarity can no longer hold — perhaps 40,000 years ago, perhaps 70,000, perhaps 100,000. But we never cross a line before which all the cognitive capacities recruited in modern musicking abruptly disappear. Unless we embrace the incredible notion that music sprang forth in full-blown glory, its emergence will have to be tracked in gradualist terms across a long period.

This is one general feature of a history of music's emergence...... The history was at once sociocultural and biological....... The capacities recruited in musicking are many, so describing its emergence involves following several or many separate strands.

- 9. Which one of the following sets of terms best serves as keywords to the passage?
- A) Humans; Musicking; Linguistic capacities; Symbol-making; Modern humanity.
- B) Musicking; Cognitive psychology; Antique; Symbol-makers; Modernity.
- C) Humans; Psychological vantage; Musicking; Cassirer; Emergence of music.
- D) Humans; Capacities; Language; Symbols; Modernity
- 10. Based on the passage, which one of the following statements is a valid argument about the emergence of music/musicking?
- A) 20,000 years ago, human musical capacities were not very different from what they are today.
- B) Anyone who can perceive and experience music must be considered capable of musicking.
- C) All musical work is located in the overlap between linguistic capacity and music production.
- D) Although musicking is not language-like, it shares the quality of being a form of expression.
- 11. Which one of the following statements, if true, would weaken the author's claim that humans are musicking creatures?
- A) Musical capacities are primarily socio-cultural, which explains the wide diversity of musical forms.

- B) As musicking is neither language-like nor symbol-like, it is a much older form of expression.
- C) Nonmusical capacities are of far greater consequence to human survival than the capacity for music.
- D)From a cognitive and psychological vantage, musicking arises from unconscious dispositions, not conscious ones.
- 12. "Think beyond all the qualifications that might trail after this bald statement" In the context of the passage, what is the author trying to communicate in this quoted extract?
- A) A bald statement is one that is trailed by a series of qualifying clarifications and caveats.
- B) Although there may be many caveats and other considerations, the statement is essentially true.
- C) Thinking beyond qualifications allows us to give free reign to musical expressions.
- D) A bald statement is one that requires no qualifications to infer its meaning.

DIRECTIONS for the question: The passage below is accompanied by a set of questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

We begin with the emergence of the philosophy of the social sciences as an arena of thought and as a set of social institutions. The two characterisations overlap but are not congruent. Academic disciplines are social institutions....... My view is that institutions are all those social entities that organise action: they link acting individuals into social structures. There are various kinds of institutions. Hegelians and Marxists emphasise universal institutions such as the family, rituals, governance, economy and the military. These are mostly institutions that just grew. Perhaps in some imaginary beginning of time they spontaneously appeared. In their present incarnations, however, they are very much the product of conscious attempts to mould and plan them. We have family law, established and disestablished churches, constitutions and laws, including those governing the economy and the military. Institutions deriving from statute, like joint-stock companies are formal by contrast with informal ones such as friendships. There are some institutions that come in both informal and formal variants, as well as in mixed ones. Consider the fact that the stock exchange and the black market are both market institutions, one formal one not. Consider further that there are many features of the work of the stock exchange that rely on informal, noncodifiable agreements, not least the language used for communication. To be precise, mixtures are the norm....... From constitutions at the top to by-laws near the bottom we are always adding to, or tinkering with, earlier institutions, the grown and the designed are intertwined.

It is usual in social thought to treat culture and tradition as different from, although alongside, institutions. The view taken here is different. Culture and tradition are sub-sets of institutions analytically isolated for explanatory or expository purposes. Some social scientists have taken all institutions, even purely local ones, to be entities that satisfy basic human needs — under local conditions.......Others differed and declared any structure of reciprocal roles and norms an institution. Most of these differences are differences of emphasis rather than disagreements. Let us straddle all these versions and present institutions very generally......as structures that serve to coordinate the actions of individuals.......Institutions themselves then have no aims or purpose other than those given to them by actors or used by actors to explain them.......

Language is the formative institution for social life and for science....... Both formal and informal language is involved, naturally grown or designed. (Language is all of these to varying degrees.) Languages are paradigms of institutions or, from another perspective, nested sets of institutions. Syntax, semantics, lexicon and alphabet/character-set are all institutions within the larger institutional framework of a written language. Natural languages are typical examples of what Ferguson called 'the result of human action, but not the execution of any human design'[;] reformed natural languages and artificial languages introduce design into their modifications or refinements of natural language. Above all, languages are paradigms of institutional tools that function to coordinate.

- 13. In the first paragraph of the passage, what are the two "characterisations" that are seen as overlapping but not congruent?
- A) "individuals" and "social structures".
- B) "academic disciplines" and "institutions".
- C) "an arena of thought" and "academic disciplines".
- D) "the philosophy of the social sciences" and "a set of social institutions".
- 14. All of the following inferences from the passage are false, EXCEPT:
- A) the institution of friendship cannot be found in the institution of joint-stock companies because the first is an informal institution, while the second is a formal one.
- B) "natural language" refers to that stage of language development where no conscious human intent is evident in the formation of language.
- C) institutions like the family, rituals, governance, economy, and the military are natural and cannot be consciously modified.
- D) as concepts, "culture" and "tradition" have no analytical, explanatory or expository power, especially when they are treated in isolation.
- 15. "Consider the fact that the stock exchange and the black market are both market institutions, one formal one not." Which one of the following statements best explains this quote, in the context of the passage?
- A) The stock exchange and the black market are examples of how, even within the same domain, different kinds of institutions can co-exist.
- B) The stock exchange and the black market are both dependent on the market to survive.
- C) The stock exchange and the black market are both organised to function by rules.
- D) Market instruments can be formally traded in the stock exchange and informally traded in the black market.
- 16. Which of the following statements best represents the essence of the passage?
- A) Language is the fundamental formal institution for social life and for science.
- B) It is usual in social thought to treat culture and tradition as different from institutions.
- C) The stock exchange and the black market are both market institutions.
- D) Institutions are structures that serve to coordinate the actions of individuals.

- 17. **DIRECTIONS for the question:** The four sentences (labelled 1,2,3 and 4) given in this question, when properly sequenced, form a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper order for the sentence and key in this sequence of four numbers as your answer.
- 1. From chemical pollutants in the environment to the damming of rivers to invasive species transported through global trade and travel, every environmental issue is different and there is no single tech solution that can solve this crisis.
- 2. Discourse on the threat of environmental collapse revolves around cutting down emissions, but biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse are caused by myriad and diverse reasons.
- 3. This would require legislation that recognises the rights of future generations and other species that allows the judiciary to uphold a much higher standard of environmental protection than currently possible.
- 4. Clearly, our environmental crisis requires large political solutions, not minor technological ones, so, instead of focusing on infinite growth, we could consider a path of stable-state economies, while preserving markets and healthy competition.
- 18. **DIRECTIONS for the question:** The four sentences (labelled 1,2,3 and 4) given in this question, when properly sequenced, form a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper order for the sentence and key in this sequence of four numbers as your answer.
- 1. The trajectory of cheerfulness through the self is linked to the history of the word 'cheer' which comes from an Old French meaning 'face'.
- 2. Translations of the Bible into vernacular languages, expanded the noun 'cheer' into the more abstract 'cheerful-ness', something that circulates as an emotional and social quality defining the self and a moral community.
- 3. When you take on a cheerful expression, no matter what the state of your soul, your cheerfulness moves into the self: the interior of the self is changed by the power of cheer.
- 4. People in the medieval 'Canterbury Tales' have a 'piteous' or a 'sober' cheer; 'cheer' is an expression and a body part, lying at the intersection of emotions and physiognomy.
- 19. **DIRECTIONS for the question:** The four sentences (labelled 1,2,3 and 4) given in this question, when properly sequenced, form a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper order for the sentence and key in this sequence of four numbers as your answer.
- 1. Women may prioritize cooking because they feel they alone are responsible for mediating a toxic and unhealthy food system.
- 2. Food is commonly framed through the lens of individual choice: you can choose to eat healthily.
- 3. This is particularly so in a neoliberal context where the state has transferred the responsibility for food onto individual consumers.
- 4. The individualized framing of choice appeals to a popular desire to experience agency, but draws away from the structural obstacles that stratify individual food choices.

20. DIRECTIONS for the question: There is a sentence that is missing in the paragraph below. Look
at the paragraph and decide in which blank (option 1, 2, 3, or 4) the following sentence would best
fit.
Sentence: Most were first-time users of a tablet and a digital app.
Paragraph: Aage Badhein's USP lies in the ethnographic research that constituted the foundation of its
development process. Customizations based on learning directly from potential users were critical to
making this self-paced app suitable for both a literate and non-literate audience. (1) The user
interface caters to a Hindi- speaking audience who have minimal to no experience with digital services
and devices. (2) The content and functionality of the app are suitable for a wide audience. This
includes youth preparing for an independent role in life or a student ready to create a strong foundation
of financial management early in her life. (3) Household members desirous of improving their
family's financial strength to reach their aspirations can also benefit. We piloted Aage Badhein in early
2021 with over 400 women from rural areas(4)The digital solution generated a large amount
of interest in the communities.
A) Option 1
B) Option 2
C) Option 3
D) Option 4
21. DIRECTIONS for the question: There is a sentence that is missing in the paragraph below. Look
at the paragraph and decide in which blank (option 1, 2, 3, or 4) the following sentence would best
fit.
Sentence: This was years in the making but fast-tracked during the pandemic, when "people started
being more mindful about their food", he explained.
Paragraph: For millennia, ghee has been a venerated staple of the subcontinental diet, but it fell out of
favour a few decades ago when saturated fats were largely considered to be unhealthy(1)But
more recently, as the thinking around saturated fats is shifting globally, Indians are finding their own
way back to this ingredient that is so integral to their cuisine. (2) For Karmakar, a renewed
interest in ghee is emblematic of a return-to-basics movement in India(3) This movement is
also part of an overall trend towards "slow food". In keeping with the movement's philosophy, ghee can
be produced locally (even at home) and has inextricable cultural ties(4)At a basic level, ghee
is a type of clarified butter believed to have originated in India as a way to preserve butter from going
rancid in the hot climate.
A) Option 1
B) Option 2
C) Option 3
D) Option 4

22. **DIRECTIONS for the question:** The passage given below is followed by four alternate summaries. Choose the option that best captures the essence of the passage.

Several of the world's earliest cities were organised along egalitarian lines. In some regions, urban populations governed themselves for centuries without any indication of the temples and palaces that would later emerge; in others, temples and palaces never emerged at all, and there is simply no evidence of a class of administrators or any other sort of ruling stratum. It would seem that the mere fact of urban life does not, necessarily, imply any particular form of political organization, and never did. Far from resigning us to inequality, the picture that is now emerging of humanity's past may open our eyes to egalitarian possibilities we otherwise would have never considered.

- A) Contrary to our assumption that urban settlements have always involved hierarchical political and administrative structures, ancient cities were not organised in this way.
- B) The lack of hierarchical administration in ancient cities can be deduced by the absence of religious and regal structures such as temples and palaces.
- C) The emergence of a class of administrators and ruling stratum transformed the egalitarian urban life of ancient cities to the hierarchical civic organisations of today.
- D) We now have the evidence in support of the existence of an egalitarian urban life in some ancient cities, where political and civic organisation was far less hierarchical.
- 23. **DIRECTIONS** for the question: The passage given below is followed by four alternate summaries.

Choose the option that best captures the essence of the passage.

Today, many of the debates about behavioural control in the age of big data echo Cold War-era anxieties about brainwashing, insidious manipulation and repression in the 'technological society'. In his book Psychopolitics, Han warns of the sophisticated use of targeted online content, enabling 'influence to take place on a pre-reflexive level'. On our current trajectory, "freedom will prove to have been merely an interlude." The fear is that the digital age has not liberated us but exposed us, by offering up our private lives to machine-learning algorithms that can process masses of personal and behavioural data. In a world of influencers and digital entrepreneurs, it's not easy to imagine the resurgence of a culture engendered through disconnect and disaffiliation, but concerns over the threat of online targeting, polarisation and big data have inspired recent polemics about the need to rediscover solitude and disconnect.

- A) The role of technology in influencing public behaviour is reminiscent of the manner in which behaviour was manipulated during the Cold War.
- B) With big data making personal information freely available, the debate on the nature of freedom and the need for privacy has resurfaced.
- C) The notion of freedom and privacy is at stake in a world where artificial intelligence is capable of influencing behaviour through data gathered online.

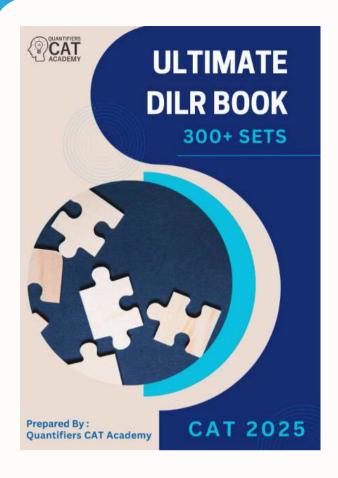
- D) Rather than freeing us, digital technology is enslaving us by collecting personal information and influencing our online behaviour.
- 24. **DIRECTIONS** for the question: The passage given below is followed by four alternate summaries. Choose the option that best captures the essence of the passage.

There's a common idea that museum artworks are somehow timeless objects available to admire for generations to come. But many are objects of decay. Even the most venerable Old Master paintings don't escape: pigments discolour, varnishes crack, canvases warp. This challenging fact of art-world life is down to something that sounds more like a thread from a morality tale: inherent vice. Damien Hirst's iconic shark floating in a tank – entitled The Physical Impossibility of Death in the Mind of

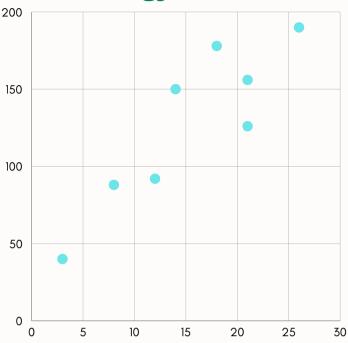
Someone Living – is a work that put a spotlight on inherent vice. When he made it in 1991, Hirst got himself in a pickle by not using the right kind of pickle to preserve the giant fish. The result was that the shark began to decompose quite quickly – its preserving liquid clouding, the skin wrinkling, and an unpleasant smell wafting from the tank.

- A) Artworks may not last forever; they may deteriorate with time, and the challenge is to slow down their degeneration.
- B) Museums have to guard timeless art treasures from intrinsic defects such as the deterioration of paint, polish and canvas.
- C) Museums are left with the moral responsibility of restoring and preserving the artworks since artists cannot preserve their works beyond their life.
- D) The role of museums has evolved to ensure that the artworks are preserved forever in addition to guarding and displaying them.





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CAT 2022 SLOT 2 DILR

DIRECTIONS for the question: Go through the graph and the information given below and answer the question that follows.

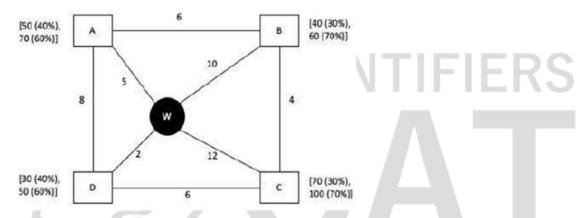
A speciality supermarket sells 320 products. Each of these products was either a cosmetic product or a nutrition product. Each of these products was also either a foreign product or a domestic product. Each of these products had at least one of the two approvals – FDA or EU.

The following facts are also known:

- 1. There were equal numbers of domestic and foreign products.
- 2. Half of the domestic products were FDA approved cosmetic products.
- 3. None of the foreign products had both the approvals, while 60 domestic products had both the approvals.
- 4. There were 140 nutrition products, half of them were foreign products.
- 5. There were 200 FDA approved products. 70 of them were foreign products and 120 of them were cosmetic products
- 1. How many foreign products were FDA approved cosmetic products? (in numerical value only)
- 2. How many cosmetic products did not have FDA approval?
- A) Cannot be determined
- B) 10
- C) 60
- D) 50
- 3. Which among the following options best represents the number of domestic cosmetic products that had both the approvals?
- A) At least 10 and at most 60
- B) At least 10 and at most 80
- C) At least 20 and at most 50
- D)At least 20 and at most 70
- 4. If 70 cosmetic products did not have EU approval, then how many nutrition products had both the approvals?
- A) 10
- B) 50
- C) 20
- D) 30
- 5. If 50 nutrition products did not have EU approval, then how many domestic cosmetic products did not have EU approval? (in numerical value only)

DIRECTIONS for the question: Study the following information carefully and answer the given question.

Every day a widget supplier supplies widgets from the warehouse (W) to four locations – Ahmednagar (A), Bikrampore (B), Chitrachak (C), and Deccan Park (D). The daily demand for widgets in each location is uncertain and independent of each other. Demands and corresponding probability values (in parenthesis) are given against each location (A, B, C, and D) in the figure below. For example, there is a 40% chance that the demand in Ahmednagar will be 50 units and a 60% chance that the demand will be 70 units. The lines in the figure connecting the locations and warehouse represent two-way roads connecting those places with the distances (in km) shown beside the line. The distances in both the directions along a road are equal. For example, the road from Ahmednagar to Bikrampore and the road from Bikrampore to Ahmednagar are both 6 km long.



Every day the supplier gets the information about the demand values of the four locations and creates the travel route that starts from the warehouse and ends at a location after visiting all the locations exactly once. While making the route plan, the supplier goes to the locations in decreasing order of demand. If there is a tie for the choice of the next location, the supplier will go to the location closest to the current location. Also, while creating the route, the supplier can either follow the direct path (if available) from one location to another or can take the path via the warehouse. If both paths are available (direct and via warehouse), the supplier will choose the path with minimum distance.

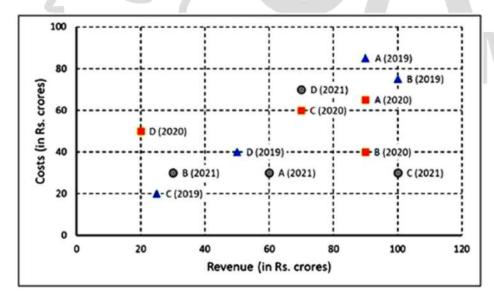
- 6. If the last location visited is Ahmednagar, then what is the total distance covered in the route (in km)? (in numerical value only)
- 7. If the total number of widgets delivered in a day is 250 units, then what is the total distance covered in the route (in km)? (in numerical value only)
- 8. What is the chance that the total number of widgets delivered in a day is 260 units and the route ends at Bikrampore?
- A) 10.80%
- B) 17.64%
- C) 33.33%

- D) 7.56%
- 9. If the first location visited from the warehouse is Ahmednagar, then what is the chance that the total distance covered in the route is 40 km?
- A) 3.24%
- B) 30%
- C) 18%
- D) 5.4%
- 10. If Ahmednagar is not the first location to be visited in a route and the total route distance is 29 km, then which of the following is a possible number of widgets delivered on that day?
- A) 220
- B) 210
- C) 200
- D) 250

DIRECTIONS for the question: Analyse the graph/s given below and answer the question that follows.

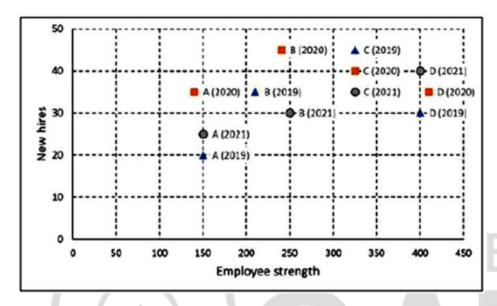
The two plots below show data for four companies code-named A, B, C, and D over three years - 2019, 2020, and 2021.

The first plot shows the revenues and costs incurred by the companies during these years. For example, in 2021, company C earned Rs.100 crores in revenue and spent Rs.30 crores. The profit of a company is defined as its revenue minus its costs.



The second plot shows the number of employees employed by the company (employee strength) at the start of each of these three years, as well as the number of new employees hired each year (new hires).

For example, Company B had 250 employees at the start of 2021, and 30 new employees joined the company during the year.



- 11. Considering all three years, which company had the highest annual profit?
- A) Company B
- B) Company C
- C) Company A
- D) Company D
- 12. Which of the four companies experienced the highest annual loss in any of the years?
- A) Company A
- B) Company C
- C) Company D
- D) Company B
- 13. The ratio of a company's annual profit to its annual costs is a measure of its performance. Which of the four companies had the lowest value of this ratio in 2019?
- A) Company A
- B) Company B
- C) Company D
- D) Company C
- 14. The total number of employees lost in 2019 and 2020 was the least for:
- A) Company C
- B) Company B
- C) Company A
- D) Company D

- 15. Profit per employee is the ratio of a company's profit to its employee strength. For this purpose, the employee strength in a year is the average of the employee strength at the beginning of that year and the beginning of the next year. In 2020, which of the four companies had the highest profit per employee?
- A) Company C
- B) Company B
- C) Company A
- D) Company D

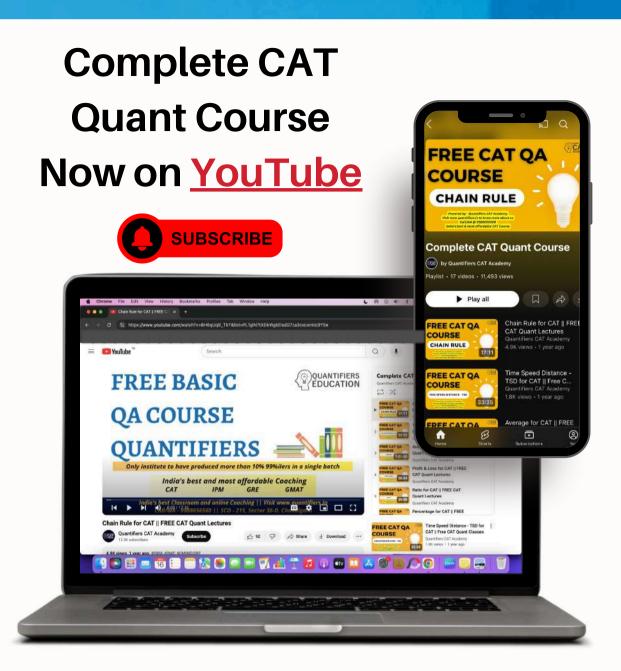
DIRECTIONS for the question: Read the information given below and answer the question that follows.

A few salesmen are employed to sell a product called TRICCEK among households in various housing complexes. On each day, a salesman is assigned to visit one housing complex. Once a salesman enters a housing complex, he can meet any number of households in the time available. However, if a household makes a complaint against the salesman, then he must leave the housing complex immediately and cannot meet any other household on that day. A household may buy any number of TRICCEK items or may not buy any item. The salesman needs to record the total number of TRICCEK items sold as well as the number of households met in each day. The success rate of a salesman for a day is defined as the ratio of the number of items sold to the number of households met on that day. Some details about the performances of three salesmen - Tohri, Hokli and Lahur, on two particular days are given below.

- 1. Over the two days, all three of them met the same total number of households, and each of them sold a total of 100 items.
- 2. On both days, Lahur met the same number of households and sold the same number of items.
- 3. Hokli could not sell any item on the second day because the first household he met on that day complained against him.
- 4. Tohri met 30 more households on the second day than on the first day.
- 5. Tohri's success rate was twice that of Lahur's on the first day, and it was 75% of Lahur's on the second day.
- 16. What was the total number of households met by Tohri, Hokli and Lahur on the first day? (in numerical value)
- 17. How many TRICCEK items were sold by Tohri on the first day? (in numerical value only)
- 18. How many households did Lahur meet on the second day?
- A) 20 or less
- B) Between 21 and 29

- C) More than 35
- D)Between 30 and 35
- 19. How many households did Tohri meet on the first day?
- A) Between 21 and 40
- B) 10 or less
- C) More than 40
- D) Between 11 and 20
- 20. Which of the following statements is FALSE?
- A) Among the three, Tohri had the highest success rate on the second day.
- B) Tohri had a higher success rate on the first day compared to the second day.
- C) Among the three, Tohri had the highest success rate on the first day.
- D) Among the three, Lahur had the lowest success rate on the first day.





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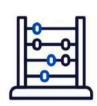
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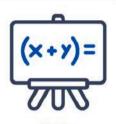
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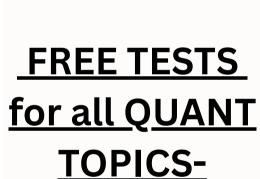
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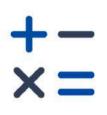
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CAT 2022 SLOT 2 QUANT

- 1. Let f(x) be quadratic polynomial in x such that $f(x) \ge 0$ for all real numbers x. if f(2) = 0 and f(4) = 6, then f(-2) is equal to
- A) 12
- B) 36
- C) 24
- D) 6

The number of integer solutions of the equation $(x^2 - 10)^{(x^2 - 3x - 10)} = 1$ is

- (in numerical value only)
- 3. Manu earns Rs. 4000 per month and wants to save an average of Rs. 550 per month in a year. In the first nine months, his monthly expense was Rs. 3500, and he foresees that, tenth month onward, his monthly expense will increase to Rs. 3700. In order to meet his yearly savings target, his monthly earnings, in rupees, from the tenth month onward should be
- A) 4350
- B) 4200
- C) 4300
- D) 4400
- 4. Working alone, the times taken by Anu, Tanu and Manu to complete any job are in the ratio 5:8: 10. They accept a job which they can finish in 4 days if they all work together for 8 hours per day. However, Anu and Tanu work together for the first 6 days, working 6 hours 40 minutes per day. Then, the number of hours that Manu will take to complete the remaining job working alone is (in numerical value only)
- 5. Five students, including Amit, appear for an examination in which possible marks are integers between 0 and 50, both inclusive. The average marks for all the students is 38 and exactly three students got more than 32. If no two students got the same marks and Amit got the least marks among the five students, then the difference between the highest and lowest possible marks of Amit is
- A) 21
- B) 20
- C) 24
- D) 22
- 6. In an examination, there were 75 questions. 3 marks were awarded for each correct answer, 1 mark was deducted for each wrong answer and 1 mark was awarded for each unattempted question. Rayan scored a total of 97 marks in the examination. If the number of unattempted questions was higher than the number of attempted questions, then the maximum number of correct answers that Rayan could have given in the examination is (in numerical value only)

- 7. Regular polygons A and B have number of sides in the ratio 1:2 and interior angles in the ratio 3:4. Then the number of sides of B equals (in numerical value only)
- 8. There are two containers of the same volume, first container half-filled with sugar syrup and the second container half-filled with milk. Half the content of the first container is transferred to the second container, and then the half of this mixture is transferred back to the first container. Next, half the content of the first container is transferred back to the second container. Then the ratio of sugar syrup and milk in the second container is
- A) 6:5
- B) 5:4
- C) 5:6
- D) 4:5
- 9. Two ships meet mid-ocean, and then, one ship goes south and the other ship goes west, both travelling at constant speeds. Two hours later, they are 60 km apart. If the speed of one of the ships is 6 km per hour more than the other one, then the speed, in km per hour, of the slower ship is
- A) 24
- B) 18
- C) 12
- D) 20
- 10. The length of each side of an equilateral triangle ABC is 3cm. Let D be a point on BC such that the area of triangle ADC is half the area of triangle ABD. Then the length of AD, in cm, is
- A) √7
- B) √5
- C) √8
- D) √6
- 11. The number of integers greater than 2000 that can be formed with the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, using each digit at most once, is
- A) 1200
- B) 1420
- C) 1440
- D) 1480

12.

Let r and c be real numbers, if r and -r are roots of $5x^3 + cx^2 - 10x + 9 = 0$, then c equals

- A) 4
- B) -9/2
- C) 9/2
- D) -4

- 13. On day one, there are 100 particles in laboratory experiment. On day n, where $n \ge 2$, one out of every n particles produces another particle. If the total number of particles in the laboratory experiment increases to 1000 on day m, then m equals.
- A) 19
- B) 16
- C) 17
- D) 18
- 14. In an election, there were four candidates and 80% of the registered voters casted their votes. One of the candidates received 30% of the casted votes while the other three candidates received the remaining casted votes in the proportion 1:2:3. If the winner of the election received 2512 votes more than the candidate with the second highest votes, then the number of registered voters was

UANTIFIERS

- A) 40192
- B) 62800
- C) 50240
- D) 60288

15.

In triangle ABC, altitudes AD and BE are drawn to the corresponding bases. If $\angle BAC = 45^{\circ}$ and $\angle ABC = \theta$, then $\frac{AD}{BE}$ equals

- A) √2 cos θ
- B) 0 1
- C) $\bigcirc \frac{(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)}{\sqrt{2}}$
- D) $\bigcirc \sqrt{2} \sin \theta$
- 16. Mr. Pinto invests one-fifth of his capital at 6%, one-third at 10% and the remaining at 1%, each rate being simple interest per annum. Then, the minimum number of years required for the cumulative interest income from these investments to equal or exceed his initial capital is (in numerical value only)
- 17. For some natural number n, assume that (15,000)! is divisible by (n!)!. The largest possible value of n is
- A) 5
- B) 7
- C) 6
- D) 4
- 18. The average of a non-decreasing sequence of N numbers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_N is 300. If a_1 is replaced by $6a_1$,

the new average becomes 400. Then, the number of possible values of a₁ is (in numerical value only)

19.

Consider the arithmetic progression 3, 7, 11, and let A_n denote the sum of the first n terms of this progression. Then the value of $\frac{1}{25} \sum_{n=1}^{25} A_n$ is

- A) 415
- B) 442
- C) 455
- D) 404
- 20. Suppose for all integers x, there are two function f and g such that f(x) + f(x-1) 1 = 0 and $g(x) = x^2$. If $f(x^2 x) = 5$, then the value of the sum f(g(5)) + g(f(5)) is (in numerical value only)
- 21.

The number of distinct integer values of *n* satisfying $\frac{4 - \log_2 n}{3 - \log_4 n} < 0$, is

(in numerical value only)

22. If a and b are non-negative real numbers such that a + 2b = 6, then the average of the maximum and minimum possible values of (a + b) is

ACADEMY

- A) 3
- B) 4.5
- C) 3.5
- D) 4





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1. Correct Answer: C

We are supposed to choose that option which shows octopuses are not really misfit among the class of 'cephalopods'. Refer to the first and second paragraph. 'Octopuses' just like other cephalopods are consumed not only by sea predators but also humans. So the right answer choice is option 'C'. Rest all other options make it a misfit.

2. Correct Answer: B

Option 'B' can't be deduced from the passage. No where in the passage was this fact given that they can take colour of their predators. So statement given in option 'B' is not true about the camouflaging ability of the octopuses.

They simply take colours and sometimes textures of their surrounding to hide themselves. Hence rest of the options are true with respect to the passage.

3. Correct Answer: A

Refer to the opening of introductory paragraph, "They belong to Mollusca class Cephalopoda......most are shelled invertebrates with a dorsal foot." And from the second passage we understand that inspite of lacking a shell covering them, they have other ways to save/hide themselves from the predators. So from all these facts we can infer that octopuses are most dissimilar to 'A'-sea snails.

4. Correct Answer: D

Option 'D' provides us the statement that wouldn't weaken the camouflaging adeptness of cephalopods. This statement shows a situation where atleast all the three cells- chromatophores, iridophores and leucophores are present which help the cephalopods in camouflaging themselves.

Camouflaging adeptness would be difficult if in the depths of sea radial muscle movements or transmission of neural signals become difficult. So option 'A' and 'B' get ruled out.

Refer to the third paragraph- "Chromatophores are organs.....brown pigment granules." So the third coulour is brown not green. It (C) also weakens the camouflaging adeptness of cephalopods.

5. Correct Answer: D

In the given passage, the author is critical of engineering education without the consideration of non technical aspects, such as cultural-social implications and potential harms of introducing the technological solutions. Engeneering students have been taught to come up with 'best' technical innovations grounded in math and science, eventually relegating them to 'objectivity'.

So the appropriate claim made by the author is provided by option 'D'.

Rest all other options are supporting or appreciating the present engineering education, which is contrary to facts given in the passage. So they can be negated.

6. Correct Answer: C

Except option 'C' all other options talk about how the dominant or privileged segements play the role of decision-makers, without considering its consequences on the marginalized section.

Whereas, option 'C' only highlights the sustainablity of the devices built and their contribution towards greenhouse gas emissions, which will affect everyone equally, irrespective of social and economic differences.

7. Correct Answer: C

Except option 'C', all other options explores the exploitation of technical aspects of medical science in an unjust way.

Option 'C' talks about incorrect assignment of people as female at birth which is a doing of humans only and technical ideals can't be blamed for it.

8. Correct Answer: B

We are supposed to guess, which option doesn't add credence to author's suggestions about evolving engineering pedagogy. The right answer to this should be option 'B'. Refer to the first paragraph of the passage- "This way of teaching......solution process"; shows that technical-social dualism should be avoided and infact the two should be integrated in engineering for better sustainable results.

As option 'A', 'C' and 'D' all discusses involving environmental sustainablity, needs of all the communities and a more responsible approach to technical design and problem solving respectively; author would approve of these.

9. Correct Answer: A

The first paragraph discussed two terms- 'humans' and their natural inclination towards 'musciking'. Second passage explored link between musical and non musical capacities like 'linguitic capacity'. Third paragraph was based on how humans are 'symbol-makers' too. And the last paragraph discussed 'modern humans' and their renewed interest in musicking. So the right option which mention all these terms is option 'A'. Rest all other options fail to take into account one or the other of these terms.

10. Correct Answer: A

The only option that discusses the emergence of music/musicking is option 'A'. Rest all other option simply explore different aspects of musicing.

11. Correct Answer: A

Throughout the passage the author tries to put forward this idea that humans are musicking creatures by default, irrespective of socio-cultural differences. So author is most likely to disagree with option 'A', hence it is the weakening sentence.

12. Correct Answer: B

According to the passage the author's point of view is that not a particular human can make music but all do. The same is supported in the first paragraph and is highlighted in option 'B'.

13. Correct Answer: B

Refer to the first two lines of the first paragrah, "We begin with the emergence......social instituitions." Clearly by 'arena of thought' author was referring to social science as being academic discipline. He states that social academic disciplines and institutions overlap each other. Option 1 and

4 are ambiguous and can't be deduced from the passage. Option 3, talks about one and the same thing, so comparing the two as overlaping each other is illogical.

14. Correct Answer: B

We have to state which of the given options can be a true inference based on the facts given in the passage. Refer to the second last sentence of the last paragraph- "Natural languages are typical......, but not the execution of any human design", shows that natural languages were not consciously developed or designed by the humans. So 'B' is the best answer.

Instituitions of 'friendship' and 'joint stock' are completely two different arenas and are incomparable, so option 'A' can be ruled out.

Option 'C' is also false, because all the instituitions mentioned in it are in fact a result of conscious human action.

Option 'D' can also be negated as, 'culture' and 'tradition' are actually analytically isolated for explanatory and expository purposes. Refer to opening of second paragraph.

15. Correct Answer: A

Right explanation of the line given in the question is provided by option 'A'. Refer to the second-half of the first paragraph, "There are some instituitions........ to be precise mixtures are the norm." 'Sctock exchange' and 'black market' are both part or market domain, yet one is formal and other, informal. Rest all other options provide faulty interpretation of the given line, so they can be ruled out.

16. Correct Answer: D

We are supposed to find out essence, that is the main idea of the passage. Option 'D' provides the right answer. Throughtout the passage author has promulgated this idea that 'instituitions' do not develop on their own in isolation. They are infact layered with human's interventions and are intertwined with other instituitions.

Rest all other options provides individual examples of 'language', 'culture & tradition' and 'stock exchange & black market', to further reinforce the idea put forward by the author.

17. Correct Answer: 2143

sentence 2 introduces that the issue of biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse is caused due to several reasons. 2 and 1 are a pair, option 1 and 4 are pair as 4 carries forwared the idea that there is no single tech solution to deal with this crisis.

option 3 concludes the passage by preventing the active involvement of judiciary in these matters.

18. Correct Answer: 3142

3 introduces the state of cheerfulness linked with it's effect on inner soul. 2 further sets forth the same idea by coveying about the genisis of this word. 4 and 2 are chrono pairs and also 2 concludes the passage by talking about the expansion of the meaning of this expression after the translations of the Bible.

19. Correct Answer: 2431

2 introduces the topic of food choices solely being governed by individual choices.

4 and 3 are cause-effect pair, also 4 continues the idea from 2 and 3 logically follows 4, as it further gives reasons for this liberty of choosing what to eat.

1 is plausibly the last sentence, because it narrows down the idea of governing food systems, specifically talking about women's role in it.

20. Correct Answer: D

the correct option should be option 4. the passage talks about reasons for USP of 'Aage Badhein app.' It stresses upon the fact that customization of the app according to the needs of the user, the main reason for it's sucess.

In the concluding part, the author's focus narrows down to rural and then household women who financially benefited from the app; which is a big thing because this is the groupleast likely to have had exposure to such digital platforms. Hence, the sentence would most strongly and plausibly fit in 4th bank.

21. Correct Answer: C

The correct option is 3 as the passage focuses on tracing the trajectory of use/popularity of one of the most important ingredients of indian cuisine "Ghee" from first going down in late 20 and early 21st century.

surprizingly going up in last few years, and especially during the pandemic. the author is most likely to pleae the given sentence in blank 3, because in the line preceding iy, he has talked about the renewed interest in use of Ghee. Chronologically its boom in pandemic-time would come next.

22. Correct Answer: D

Option Band C can easily be eliminated because they eithertalk about only one aspect of the passage or have misinterpreted the idea of successful early non-hierarchial egalitarian societies respectively.

however, option A and D are more convincingly correct summaries, as they both talk about successful egalitarian societies in some ancient cities without the intervention of hierarchial, political or civic organizations.

But option (D) is a more appropriate and convincing choice, as it talks of the 'evidence' in support of these claims and not mere 'assumptions' option (A)

23. Correct Answer:B

Option B includes all the principal subjects hence is the most appropriate summary.

A doesn't take the point of threat to freedom and privacy into account.

C and D though reflects this point of freedom and privacy, it missed out on the point of taking same war-time psychological and behavioural manipulation into consideration.

24. Correct Answer: A

The 3 options B, C and D are more or less imposing on the museums, the responsibility of preserving the artworks.

Whereas the passage generally talks about museum artworks and the callenge to preserve them therefore only option A is the best.

DILR

1. Correct Answer: 40

Total number of domestic products = foreign products = 320/2 = 160

Domestic, Cosmetic, FDA approved products = 160/2 = 80

Foreign products having both approvals = 0

Domestic products having both approvals = 60

Let the number of domestic, cosmetic, both the approvals = x

=> the number of domestic, nutrition, both the approvals =60 - x

Total number of nutrition products = 140

=> total number of cosmetic products = 320 - 140 = 180

Number of foreign, nutrition products = 70

Let number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

 \Rightarrow number of foreign, nutrition, EU products = 70 - y

Also, number of foreign, cosmetic products = 160 - 70 = 90

Total FDA approved products = 200

Total foreign, FDA approved products = 70

Number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

 \Rightarrow number of foreign, cosmetic, FDA products = 70 - y

=> number of foreign, cosmetic, EU products = 90 - (70 - y) = y + 20

Number of cosmetic, FDA approved products = 120

=> number of nutrition, FDA approved products =200-120=80

=> number of domestic, nutrition, FDA approved products =80 - y

The rest of the given information can be gathered as follows-

		Cosme	tic			Nutrit	ion		T-4-1
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	70 – y	y + 20	0	90	у	70 – y	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	80 – y	50 - x + y	60 - x	70	160
Total	120	x + y + 30	х	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Solving,
$$70 - y + 80 = 120 \Rightarrow y = 30$$

The information can be updated as follows-

			netic				Total		
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	40	50	0	90	30	40	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	50	80 - x	60 - x	70	160
Total	120	60 + x	X	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Now we can answer the questions

The number of foreign products that were FDA approved cosmetic products = 40

2. Correct Answer: C

Total number of domestic products = foreign products = 320/2 = 160

Domestic, Cosmetic, FDA approved products = 160/2 = 80

Foreign products having both approvals = 0

Domestic products having both approvals = 60

Let the number of domestic, cosmetic, both the approvals = x

=> the number of domestic, nutrition, both the approvals =60 - x

Total number of nutrition products = 140

 \Rightarrow total number of cosmetic products = 320 - 140 = 180

Number of foreign, nutrition products = 70

Let number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

=> number of foreign, nutrition, EU products = 70 - y

Also, number of foreign, cosmetic products = 160 - 70 = 90

Total FDA approved products = 200

Total foreign, FDA approved products = 70

Number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

 \Rightarrow number of foreign, cosmetic, FDA products = 70 - y

 \Rightarrow number of foreign, cosmetic, EU products = 90 - (70 - y) = y + 20

Number of cosmetic, FDA approved products = 120

=> number of nutrition, FDA approved products =200-120=80

=> number of domestic, nutrition, FDA approved products = 80 - y

The rest of the given information can be gathered as follows-

		Cosme	tic			Nutrit	ion		T-4-1
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	70 – y	y + 20	0	90	у	70 - y	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	80 – y	50 - x + y	60 - x	70	160
Total	120	x + y + 30	х	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Solving, $70 - y + 80 = 120 \Rightarrow y = 30$

The information can be updated as follows-

		Cosi	netic			Nuti	rition		T-4-1
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	40	50	0	90	30	40	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	50	80 - x	60 - x	70	160
Total	120	60 + x	х	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Now we can answer the questions

The number of cosmetic products which have FDA approval = 120

The number of cosmetic products which did not have FDA approval = 180 - 120 = 60

3. Correct Answer: A

Total number of domestic products = foreign products = 320/2 = 160

Domestic, Cosmetic, FDA approved products = 160/2 = 80

Foreign products having both approvals = 0

Domestic products having both approvals = 60

Let the number of domestic, cosmetic, both the approvals = x

=> the number of domestic, nutrition, both the approvals =60 - x

Total number of nutrition products = 140

 \Rightarrow total number of cosmetic products = 320 - 140 = 180

Number of foreign, nutrition products = 70

Let number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

=> number of foreign, nutrition, EU products = 70 - y

Also, number of foreign, cosmetic products = 160 - 70 = 90

Total FDA approved products = 200

Total foreign, FDA approved products = 70

Number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

=> number of foreign, cosmetic, FDA products = 70 - y

=> number of foreign, cosmetic, EU products =90-(70-y)=y+20

Number of cosmetic, FDA approved products = 120

=> number of nutrition, FDA approved products =200-120=80

=> number of domestic, nutrition, FDA approved products =80 - y

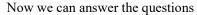
The rest of the given information can be gathered as follows-

		Cosme	tic				Total		
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	70 – y	y + 20	0	90	у	70 - y	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	x	90	80 – y	50 - x + y	60 - x	70	160
Total	120	x + y + 30	x	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Solving, $70 - y + 80 = 120 \Rightarrow y = 30$

The information can be updated as follows-

		Cosi	netic			Nutrition					
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total		
Foreign	40	50	0	90	30	40	0	70	160		
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	50	80 - x	60 – x	70	160		
Total	120	60 + x	х	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320		



No value of region can be negative \Rightarrow 60 - x \ge 0 \Rightarrow x \le 60

The number of domestic, cosmetic products that had both the approvals = x is at most 60

Hence, the best represents is at least 10 and at most 60

4. Correct Answer: A

Total number of domestic products = foreign products = 320/2 = 160

Domestic, Cosmetic, FDA approved products = 160/2 = 80

Foreign products having both approvals = 0

Domestic products having both approvals = 60

Let the number of domestic, cosmetic, both the approvals = x

=> the number of domestic, nutrition, both the approvals =60 - x

Total number of nutrition products = 140

 \Rightarrow total number of cosmetic products = 320 - 140 = 180

Number of foreign, nutrition products = 70

Let number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

=> number of foreign, nutrition, EU products = 70 - y

Also, number of foreign, cosmetic products = 160 - 70 = 90

Total FDA approved products = 200

Total foreign, FDA approved products = 70

Number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

=> number of foreign, cosmetic, FDA products = 70 - y

=> number of foreign, cosmetic, EU products =90-(70-y)=y+20

Number of cosmetic, FDA approved products = 120

=> number of nutrition, FDA approved products =200-120=80

=> number of domestic, nutrition, FDA approved products = 80 - y

The rest of the given information can be gathered as follows-

		Cosme	tic			Nutrit	ion		T-4-1
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	70 – y	y + 20	0	90	у	70 - y	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	x	90	80 – y	50 - x + y	60 - x	70	160
Total	120	x + y + 30	х	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Solving, $70 - y + 80 = 120 \Rightarrow y = 30$

The information can be updated as follows-

		Cost	netic			Total			
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	40	50	0	90	30	40	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	50	80 - x	60 – x	70	160
Total	120	60 + x	х	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Now we can answer the questions

The number of cosmetic products that did not have EU approval = 70

$$=> 180 - (60 + x) = 70 => x = 50$$

The number of nutrition products that had both the approvals = 60 - x = 10

5. Correct Answer: 50

Total number of domestic products = foreign products = 320/2 = 160

Domestic, Cosmetic, FDA approved products = 160/2 = 80

Foreign products having both approvals = 0

Domestic products having both approvals = 60

Let the number of domestic, cosmetic, both the approvals = x

=> the number of domestic, nutrition, both the approvals =60 - x

Total number of nutrition products = 140

 \Rightarrow total number of cosmetic products = 320 - 140 = 180

Number of foreign, nutrition products = 70

Let number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

 \Rightarrow number of foreign, nutrition, EU products = 70 - y

Also, number of foreign, cosmetic products = 160 - 70 = 90

Total FDA approved products = 200

Total foreign, FDA approved products = 70

Number of foreign, nutrition, FDA products = y

=> number of foreign, cosmetic, FDA products = 70 - y

=> number of foreign, cosmetic, EU products =90-(70-y)=y+20

Number of cosmetic, FDA approved products = 120

=> number of nutrition, FDA approved products = 200 - 120 = 80

=> number of domestic, nutrition, FDA approved products = 80 - y

The rest of the given information can be gathered as follows-

		Cosme	tic				Total		
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	lotai
Foreign	70 – y	y + 20	0	90	у	70 - y	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	80 – y	50 - x + y	60 - x	70	160
Total	120	x + y + 30	х	180	80	120 - x	60 - x	140	320

Solving,
$$70 - y + 80 = 120 \Rightarrow y = 30$$

The information can be updated as follows-

		Cosi	netic				Total		
	FDA	EU	Both	Either	FDA	EU	Both	Either	Total
Foreign	40	50	0	90	30	40	0	70	160
Domestic	80	10 + x	х	90	50	80 - x	60 – x	70	160
Total	120	60 + x	х	180	80	120 - x	60 – x	140	320

Now we can answer the questions

The number of nutrition products that did not have EU approval = 50

$$=> 140 - (120 - x) = 50 => x = 30$$

The number of domestic, cosmetic products that did not have EU approval

$$=90-(10+x)=50$$

6. Correct Answer: 35

Case	A	В	C	D	Total	
1	50	40	70	30	190	
2	50	40	70	50	210	
3	50	40	100	30	220	
4	50	40	100	50	240	
5	5 50 60		70	30	210	
6	50	60	70	50	230	
7	50	60	100	30	240	
8	50	60	100	50	260	
9	70	40	70	30	210	
10	70	40	70	50	230	
11	70	40	100	30	240	
12	70	40	100	50	260	
13	70	60	70	30	230	
14			70	50	250	
15	15 70 60		100	30	260	
16	70	60	100	50	280	

While making the route plan, the supplier goes to the locations in decreasing order of demand and if the last location is Ahmednagar, then it must have least demand (50 units)

So, the supplier must have supplied the order in the following manner-

C (70 or 100 units) > B (60 units) > D (50 units) \ge A (50 units)

The total distance (minimum) covered W-C-B-W-D-W-A

= 12 + 4 + 10 + 2 + 2 + 5 = 35 km

7. Correct Answer: 38

Case	A	В	C	D	Total
1	50	40	70	30	190
2	50	40	70	50	210
3	50	40	100	30	220
4	50	40	100	50	240
5	5 50 60		70	30	210
6	50	60	70	50	230
7	50	60	100	30	240
8	50	60	100	50	260
9	70	40	70	30	210
10	70	40	70	50	230
11	70	40	100	30	240
12	70	40	100	50	260
13	70	60	70	30	230
14	70	60	70	50	250
15	15 70 60		100	30	260
16	70	60	100	50	280

The total number of widgets delivered in a day = 250 units Only possible combination,

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A (70 units) + B (60 units) + C (70 units) + D (50 units) = 250 units Order of delivery, A (70 units) \geq C (70 units) > B (60 units) > D (50 units) The total distance (minimum) covered W – A – W – C – B –W – D = 5 + 5 + 12 + 4 + 10 + 2 = 38 km

8. Correct Answer: D

Case	A	В	C	D	Total	
1	50	40	70	30	190	
2	50	40	70	50	210	
3	50	40	100	30	220	
4	50	40	100	50	240	
5	50	60	70	30	210	
6			70	50	230	
7	50	60	100	30	240	
8	50	60		50	260	
9	70	40	70	30	210	
10	70	40	70	50	230	
11	70	40	100	30	240	
12	70	40	100	50	260	
13	70	60	70	30	230	
14	70	60	70	50	250	
15			100	30	260	
16	70	60	100	50	280	

The total number of widgets delivered in a day = 260 units Also, the route ends at Bikrampore, only order possible C (100 units) > A (70 units) > D (50 units) > B (40 units) Required chance = $70\% \times 60\% \times 60\% \times 30\% = 7.56\%$

9. Correct Answer: C

Case	A	В	C	D	Total
1	50	40	70	30	190
2	50	40	70	50	210
3	50	40	100	30	220
4	50	40	100	50	240
5	5 50 60		70	30	210
6	50	60	70	50	230
7	50	60	100	30	240
8	50	60	100	50	260
9	70	40	70	30	210
10	70	40	70	50	230
11	70	40	100	30	240
12	70	40	100	50	260
13	70	60	70	30	230
14	70	60	70	50	250
15	70 60		100	30	260
16	70	60	100	50	280

If the first location visited from the warehouse is Ahmednagar, possible cases

Case	A	В	C	D	Total
9 th	70	40	70	30	210
= 5 + 5 A (70 u	+ 12 + 4 mits) ≥ (4 + 10 + 2 C (70 unit	2 = 38 km $(s) > B (4)$	The second second	D (30 units
10 th	70	40	70	50	230
Chance 13 th	70	× 30% ×	60% × 30	$\frac{0\% = 3.24}{30}$	230
Distance = 5 + 5 A (70 u Chance	e covere + 12 + 4 nits) ≥ (ed W – A 4 + 10 + 2 C (70 unit	-W-C $2 = 38 km$ $(s) > B (6)$	- B - W -	D (30 units
14 th	70	60	70	50	250
= 5 + 5 A (70 u	+ 12 + 4 mits) ≥ (4 + 10 + 2 C (70 unit	2 = 38 km $(2 = 38 km) > B (6)$	3	D (50 units

Total chance = 2.16% + 3.24% + 5.04% + 7.56% = 18%The chance that the total distance covered is 40 km = $3.24\%/18\% \times 100 = 18\%$

10. Correct Answer: B

Case	A	В	C	D	Total	
1	50	40	70	30	190	
2	50	40	70	50	210	
3	50	40	100	30	220	
4	50	40	40 100		240	
5	5 50		70	30	210	
6			70	50	230	
7	50	60	100	30	240	
8	50	60	100	50	260	
9	70	40	70	30	210	
10	70	40	70	50	230	
11	70	40	100	30	240	
12	70	40	100	50	260	
13	70	60	70	30	230	
14	70	60	70	50	250	
15	15 70 6		100	30	260	
16			100	50	280	

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If Ahmednagar is not the first location to be visited in a route, possible cases

Case	A	В	C	D	Total
1	50	40	70	30	190
Distanc	ce cover	ed W - C	-W-A-	B-W-	- D
= 12 +	12 + 5 +	-6 + 10 +	2 = 47 kr	n	
2	50	40	70	50	210
Distanc	ce cover	ed W - C	-D-W-	-A-B	
= 12 +	6 + 2 + 1	5 + 6 = 3	l km	- 1	
3	50	40	100	30	220
17 10 10 10 10 10			-W-A-		-D
			2 = 47 kr		
4	50	40	100	50	240
127			-D-W-	-A-B	
= 12 +	6 + 2 + 1	5 + 6 = 3	l km		
5	50	60	70	30	210
			-B-A-	W-D	
= 12 +		5 + 2 = 29		200	-
6	50	60	70	50	230
			-B-A-	W-D	
= 12 +		5 + 2 = 29	9 km		
7	50	60	100	30	240
			-B-A-	W-D	
-		5 + 2 = 29			
S	50	60	100	50	260
			-B-A-	W-D	
= 12 +	4 + 6 + 1	5 + 2 = 29	9 km		2 111
77	70	40	100	30	240
11			- (ATTAC)		
Distanc	ce cover	ed W - C	-W-A-		
Distance = 12 +	12 + 5 +	ed W - C 6 + 10 +	- (ATTAC)	n	- D
Distanc	ce cover	ed W - C	-W-A-		

15	70	60	100	30	260
			2 = 47 km		



The total route distance is 29 km is in 5^{th} , 6^{th} , 7^{th} and 8^{th} case having widgets delivered 210, 230, 240 and 260 respectively. The only possible value among options is 210

11. Correct Answer: B

The given information can be gathered as follows

Year →		20	19			20	20			20	21	
Particular 1	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D
Revenue (in Rs. Crores)	90	100	23	50	90	90	70	20	60	30	100	70
Cost (in Rs. Crores)	85	75	20	40	65	40	60	50	30	30	30	70
Profit (in Rs. Crores)	5	25	3	10	25	50	10	-30	30	0	70	0
Employee Strength	150	210	325	400	140	240	325	410	150	250	325	400
New Hires	20	35	45	30	35	45	40	35	25	30	35	40

Now we can answer the questions

Considering all the three years,

Profit of Company C in 2021 = 70 crores is the highest annual profit

12. Correct Answer: C

The given information can be gathered as follows

Year →		20	19			20	20			20	21	
Particular 1	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D
Revenue (in Rs. Crores)	90	100	23	50	90	90	70	20	60	30	100	70
Cost (in Rs. Crores)	85	75	20	40	65	40	60	50	30	30	30	70
Profit (in Rs. Crores)	5	25	3	10	25	50	10	-30	30	0	70	0
Employee Strength	150	210	325	400	140	240	325	410	150	250	325	400
New Hires	20	35	45	30	35	45	40	35	25	30	35	40

Now we can answer the questions

Loss of Company D in 2020 = 30 crores is the highest annual loss in any of the years

13. Correct Answer: A



The given information can be gathered as follows

Year →		20	19			20	20			20	21	
Particular	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D
Revenue (in Rs. Crores)	90	100	23	50	90	90	70	20	60	30	100	70
Cost (in Rs. Crores)	85	75	20	40	65	40	60	50	30	30	30	70
Profit (in Rs. Crores)	5	25	3	10	25	50	10	-30	30	0	70	0
Employee Strength	150	210	325	400	140	240	325	410	150	250	325	400
New Hires	20	35	45	30	35	45	40	35	25	30	35	40

Now we can answer the questions

Performance = Annual Profit / Annual Cost

For year 2019,

Performance of A = 5/85 = 1/17

Performance of B = 25/75 = 1/3

Performance of C = 3/20

Performance of D = 10/40 = 1/4

Hence, the company that had the lowest performance ratio is company A

14. Correct Answer: B

The given information can be gathered as follows

Year →		20	19	10		20	20			20	21	
Particular 1	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D
Revenue (in Rs. Crores)	90	100	23	50	90	90	70	20	60	30	100	70
Cost (in Rs. Crores)	85	75	20	40	65	40	60	50	30	30	30	70
Profit (in Rs. Crores)	5	25	3	10	25	50	10	-30	30	0	70	0
Employee Strength	150	210	325	400	140	240	325	410	150	250	325	400
New Hires	20	35	45	30	35	45	40	35	25	30	35	40

Now we can answer the questions

Total number of employees lost in any year = Employee strength in that year + New Hires in that year - Employee strength in next year

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	Total number	of employees lost in	1
	2019	2020	Total
Company A	150 + 20 - 140 = 30	140 + 35 - 150 = 25	55
Company B	210 + 35 - 240 = 5	240 + 45 - 250 = 35	40
Company C	325 + 45 - 325 = 45	325 + 40 - 325 = 40	85
Company D	400 + 30 - 410 = 20	410 + 35 - 400 = 45	65

The total number of employees lost in 2019 and 2020 was least for company B

15. Correct Answer: B

The given information can be gathered as follows

Year →		20	19			20	20			20	21	
Particular 1	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D
Revenue (in Rs. Crores)	90	100	23	50	90	90	70	20	60	30	100	70
Cost (in Rs. Crores)	85	75	20	40	65	40	60	50	30	30	30	70
Profit (in Rs. Crores)	5	25	3	10	25	50	10	-30	30	0	70	0
Employee Strength	150	210	325	400	140	240	325	410	150	250	325	400
New Hires	20	35	45	30	35	45	40	35	25	30	35	40

Now we can answer the questions

For year 2020,

	Profit	Employee strength	Profit per employee
Company A	25	(140 + 150)/2 = 145	25/145 = 100/580
Company B	50	(240 + 250)/2 = 245	50/245 = 100/490
Company C	10	(325 + 325)/2 = 325	10/325 = 100/3250
Company D	-30	(410 + 400)/2 = 405	-30/405

Hence, for year 2020, company B had the highest profit per employee

16. Correct Answer: 84

Let the total number of households each met over the two days = 2h Total number of items sold by each over the two days = 100 Let the number of TRICCEK sold on day 1 by Tohri = n ⇒ the number of TRICCEK sold on day 2 by Tohri = 100 - n The rest of the information can be gathered as follows

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	n	100 - n	100
Tohri	Number of households met	h-15	h + 15	2h
	Success Rate	n/(h-15)	(100 - n)/(h + 15)	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	2h-1	1	2h
	Success Rate	100/(2h-1)	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	h	h	2h
	Success Rate	50/h	50/h	

Tohri's success rate was twice that of Lahur's on the first day,

 \Rightarrow n/(h - 15) = 2 × (50/h)

Solving, nh = 100h - 1500

Also, Tohri's success rate was 75% of Lahur's on the second day,

 \Rightarrow (100 - n)/h + 15) = (75/100) × (50/h) Solving, 200h - 2nh = 75h + 1125

Substituting the value of nh,

 \Rightarrow 200h - 2(100h - 1500) = 75h + 1125

 \Rightarrow 3000 = 75h + 1125 \Rightarrow h = 25

Substituting again,

 $25n = 2500 - 1500 = 1000 \Rightarrow n = 40$

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	40	60	100
Tohri	Number of households met	10	40	50
	Success Rate	4	1.5	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	49	1	50
	Success Rate	2.04	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	25	25	50
	Success Rate	2	2	

Now we can answer the questions

Total number of households met by Tohri, Hokli and Lahur on the first day = 10 + 49 + 25 = 84

17. Correct Answer: 40

Let the total number of households each met over the two days = 2h

Total number of items sold by each over the two days = 100

Let the number of TRICCEK sold on day 1 by Tohri = n

=> the number of TRICCEK sold on day 2 by Tohri = 100 - n

The rest of the information can be gathered as follows

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	n	100 - n	100
Tohri	Number of households met	h - 15	h + 15	2h
	Success Rate	n/(h-15)	(100 - n)/(h + 15)	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	2h - 1	1	2h
	Success Rate	100/(2h-1)	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	h	h	2h
	Success Rate	50/h	50/h	

Tohri's success rate was twice that of Lahur's on the first day,

$$=> n/(h-15) = 2 \times (50/h)$$

Solving, nh = 100h - 1500

Also, Tohri's success rate was 75% of Lahur's on the second day,

$$=> (100 - n)/h + 15) = (75/100) \times (50/h)$$

Solving,
$$200h - 2nh = 75h + 1125$$

Substituting the value of nh,

$$=> 200h - 2(100h - 1500) = 75h + 1125$$

$$=> 3000 = 75h + 1125 => h = 25$$

$$25n = 2500 - 1500 = 1000 \Rightarrow n = 40$$

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	40	60	100
Tohri	Number of households met	10	40	50
	Success Rate	4	1.5	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	49	1	50
	Success Rate	2.04	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	25	25	50
	Success Rate	2	2	

Now we can answer the questions

The number of TRICCEK items sold by Tohri on the first day = 40

18. Correct Answer: B

Let the total number of households each met over the two days = 2h Total number of items sold by each over the two days = 100

Let the number of TRICCEK sold on day 1 by Tohri = n

 \Rightarrow the number of TRICCEK sold on day 2 by Tohri = 100 - n

The rest of the information can be gathered as follows

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	n	100 - n	100
Tohri	Number of households met	h-15	h + 15	2h
	Success Rate	n/(h-15)	(100 - n)/(h + 15)	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	2h - 1	1	2h
	Success Rate	100/(2h-1)	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	h	h	2h
	Success Rate	50/h	50/h	

Tohri's success rate was twice that of Lahur's on the first day,

$$=> n/(h-15) = 2 \times (50/h)$$

Solving,
$$nh = 100h - 1500$$

Also, Tohri's success rate was 75% of Lahur's on the second day,

$$=> (100 - n)/h + 15) = (75/100) \times (50/h)$$

Solving,
$$200h - 2nh = 75h + 1125$$

Substituting the value of nh,

$$=> 200h - 2(100h - 1500) = 75h + 1125$$

$$=> 3000 = 75h + 1125 => h = 25$$

$$25n = 2500 - 1500 = 1000 \Rightarrow n = 40$$

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	40	60	100
Tohri	Number of households met	10	40	50
	Success Rate	4	1.5	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	49	1	50
	Success Rate	2.04	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	25	25	50
	Success Rate	2	2	

Now we can answer the questions

The number of households Lahur met on the second day = 25 Hence, between 21 and 29

19. Correct Answer: B

Let the total number of households each met over the two days = 2h

Total number of items sold by each over the two days = 100

Let the number of TRICCEK sold on day 1 by Tohri = n

=> the number of TRICCEK sold on day 2 by Tohri = 100 - n

The rest of the information can be gathered as follows

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	n	100 - n	100
	Number of households met	h-15	h + 15	2h
	Success Rate	n/(h-15)	(100 - n)/(h + 15)	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	2h - 1	1	2h
	Success Rate	100/(2h-1)	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
	Number of households met	h	h	2h
	Success Rate	50/h	50/h	

Tohri's success rate was twice that of Lahur's on the first day,

$$=> n/(h-15) = 2 \times (50/h)$$

Solving,
$$nh = 100h - 1500$$

Also, Tohri's success rate was 75% of Lahur's on the second day,

$$=> (100 - n)/h + 15) = (75/100) \times (50/h)$$

Solving,
$$200h - 2nh = 75h + 1125$$

Substituting the value of nh,

$$=> 200h - 2(100h - 1500) = 75h + 1125$$

$$=> 3000 = 75h + 1125 => h = 25$$

$$25n = 2500 - 1500 = 1000 \Rightarrow n = 40$$

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
	Number of TRICCEK sold	40	60	100
Tohri	Number of households met	10	40	50
	Success Rate	4	1.5	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	49	1	50
	Success Rate	2.04	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	25	25	50
	Success Rate	2	2	

Now we can answer the questions

The number of households Tohri met on the first day = 10 Hence, 10 or less

20. Correct Answer: A

Let the total number of households each met over the two days = 2h

Total number of items sold by each over the two days = 100

Let the number of TRICCEK sold on day 1 by Tohri = n

=> the number of TRICCEK sold on day 2 by Tohri = 100 - n

The rest of the information can be gathered as follows

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
1 1	Number of TRICCEK sold	n	100 - n	100
	Number of households met	h-15	h + 15	2h
	Success Rate	n/(h-15)	(100 - n)/(h + 15)	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	100	0	100
Hokli	Number of households met	2h - 1	1	2h
	Success Rate	100/(2h-1)	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
Lahur	Number of households met	h	h	2h
	Success Rate	50/h	50/h	

Tohri's success rate was twice that of Lahur's on the first day,

$$=> n/(h-15) = 2 \times (50/h)$$

Solving,
$$nh = 100h - 1500$$

Also, Tohri's success rate was 75% of Lahur's on the second day,

$$=> (100 - n)/h + 15) = (75/100) \times (50/h)$$

Solving,
$$200h - 2nh = 75h + 1125$$

Substituting the value of nh,

$$=> 200h - 2(100h - 1500) = 75h + 1125$$

$$=> 3000 = 75h + 1125 => h = 25$$

$$25n = 2500 - 1500 = 1000 \Rightarrow n = 40$$

Name	Particular	Day 1	Day 2	Total
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	Success Rate	4	1.5	
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	Number of households met	49	1	50
	Success Rate	2.04	0	
	Number of TRICCEK sold	50	50	100
	Number of households met	25	25	50
	Success Rate	2	2	

Now we can answer the questions

Going by options,

1. Among the three, Tohri had the highest success rate on the second day.

Lahur had the highest success rate on the second day

Hence, statement 1 is false.

- 2. Tohri had a higher success rate on the first day compared to the second day. Statement 2 is true
- 3. Among the three, Tohri had the highest success rate on the first day. Statement 3 is true
- 4. Among the three, Lahur had the lowest success rate on the first day. Statement 4 is true



Quant

1. Correct Answer: C

Since, $f(x) \ge 0$ and f(2) = 0

=> Both the roots of the quadratic polynomial are equal to 2

Let the quadratic polynomial be $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$

Sum of roots =
$$2 + 2 = -b/a = > b = -4a$$

Product of roots =
$$2 \times 2 = c/a \Rightarrow c = 4a$$

Also,
$$f(4) = 6 \Rightarrow 16a + 4b + c = 6$$

Substituting and solving,

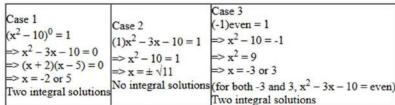
$$16a + 4(-4a) + 4a = 6$$

$$=> a = 1.5, b = -6 \text{ and } c = 6$$

$$f(-2) = 1.5(-2)^2 + (-6)(-2) + 6 = 24$$

2. Correct Answer: 4

$$(x^2 - 10)x^2 - 3x - 10 = 1$$



Total integral solutions = 4

3. Correct Answer: D

Total income of Manu for 1st nine months = $4000 \times 9 = \text{Rs } 36000$

Total expenditure for 1st nine months = $3500 \times 9 = \text{Rs } 31500$

Total savings for the 1st nine months = 36000 - 31500 = Rs 4500

Total annual saving = $550 \times 12 = \text{Rs } 6600$

Total saving for the last three months = 6600 - 4500 = Rs 2100

Total expenditure for the last three months = $3700 \times 3 = \text{Rs} \ 11100$

Total income for the last three months = 2100 + 11100 = Rs 13200

Income per month for the remaining 3 months = 13200/3 = Rs 4400

4. Correct Answer: 6

Time taken by Anu = 5t, Tanu = 8t and Manu = 10t (where t is in hours)

Let job = 40t (LCM of 5t, 8t and 10t)

Efficiency of Anu, A = 8 units/hour

Efficiency of Tanu, T = 5 units/hour

Efficiency of Manu, M = 4 units/hour

$$A + T + M = 40t/(4 \times 8)$$

Solving, total job = 40t = 544 units

Job done by Anu and Tanu in 6 days working 6 hrs 40 mins (= 20/3 hrs)

$$= (8 + 5) \times 6 \times 20/3 = 520$$
 units

Remaining job =
$$544 - 520 = 24$$
 units

Time taken by Manu to complete the remaining job = 24/4 = 6 hours

5. Correct Answer: B

Given,
$$A + B + C + D + E = 38 \times 5 = 190$$

Exactly three of them scored above 32 and no two student scored same marks

Lowest marks scored by Amit, when rest scored the maximum

Let
$$B = 32$$
, $C = 48$, $D = 49$ and $E = 50$

$$=>$$
 Lowest marks scored by Amit = $190 - (32 + 48 + 49 + 50) = 11$

Highest marks scored by Amit = 31

such that
$$B = 32$$
, $C + D + E = 190 - (31 + 32) = 127$

Required difference = 31 - 11 = 20

6. Correct Answer: 24

Let the number of correct answered questions =
$$x$$
, wrong = y and unattempted = z

Given,
$$x + y + z = 75$$

Also,
$$3x - y + z = 97$$

Subtracting,
$$2x - 2y = 22$$

$$=> x - y = 11$$

Also,
$$z > x + y$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x + y (maximum) = 37 (such that z = 38)

$$=> 2x = 48 \text{ (maximum)}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 x = 24 (maximum)

7. Correct Answer: 10

Let the number of sides of A and B be a and 2a respectively Given,

$$\frac{(a-2)\times 180^{\circ}}{a}:\frac{(2a-2)\times 180^{\circ}}{2a}=3:4$$

$$=> (a-2)/(a-1) = 3/4$$

Solving,
$$4a - 8 = 3a - 3$$

$$=> a = 5$$

Hence, the number of sides of B = 2a = 10

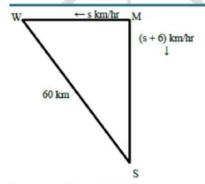
8. Correct Answer: C

Let the volume of each container = 16x

Transferred	1st container		2 nd container		
Transferred	Sugar Syrup	Milk	Sugar Syrup	Milk	
Half filled	8x	0	0	8x	
50% of 1st to 2nd	-4x	-0	+4x	+0	
Left	4x	0	4x	8x	
50% of 2 nd to 1 st	+2x	+4x	-2 x	-4x	
Left	6x	4x	2x	4x	
50% of 1st to 2nd	-3x	-2x	+3x	+2x	
Left	3x	2x	5x	6x	

Required ratio = 5:6

9. Correct Answer: B



Let the meeting point is M.

Let the speed of the ship that goes West = s km/hr

=> the speed of the ship that goes South = (s + 6) km/hr

In 2 hrs, distance covered by ship (West) MW = 2s

And distance covered by ship (South)

MS = 2s + 12

Given, distance between them after 2 hrs WS = 60 km

Applying Pythagoras theorem,

$$MW^2 + MS^2 = WS^2$$

$$=> (2s)^2 + (2s + 12)^2 = 60^2$$

$$=> 4s^2 + 4s^2 + 144 + 48s = 3600$$

$$=> 8s^2 + 48s - 3456 = 0$$

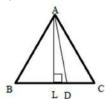
$$=> s^2 + 6s - 432 = 0$$

$$=> (s-18)(s+24) = 0$$

Hence, the speed of slower ship = 18 km/hr

QUANTIFIERS CALL ACADEMY

10. Correct Answer: A



The side of equilateral triangle = 3 cm Since, area triangle ADC = $1/2 \times$ area triangle ABD D divides BC in the ratio 2:1 \Rightarrow BD = $2/3 \times 3 = 2$ cm The height of equilateral triangle ABC, AL = $\sqrt{3}/2 \times 3 = 3\sqrt{3}/2$ cm Also, AL divides BC in the ratio 1:1 \Rightarrow BL = $1/2 \times 3 = 3/2$ cm \Rightarrow LD = BD - BL = 2 - 3/2 = 1/2 cm In triangle ALD, AD² = AL² + LD² AD² = $(3\sqrt{3}/2)^2 + (1/2)^2$

QUANTIFIERS

11. Correct Answer: C

 $AD = \sqrt{7}$ cm

Number of integers > 2000 are

4 digit numbers =
$$4 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 = 240$$

5 digit numbers =
$$5 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 = 600$$

6 digit numbers =
$$5 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 600$$

$$Total = 240 + 600 + 600 = 1440$$

12. Correct Answer: B

Let the third root of the cubic equation $f(x) = 5x^3 + cx^2 - 10x + 9 = 0$ is p

Sum of roots =
$$r - r + p = -c/5 \Rightarrow p = -c/5$$

Sum of roots taken two at a time = r(-r) + rp + (-r)p = -10/5 = -2

$$=> -r^2 = -2 => r = \pm \sqrt{2}$$

Product of roots = r(-r) p = -9/5 => p = 9/10

Substituting and solving,

$$9/10 = -c/5$$

$$=> c = -9/2$$

13. Correct Answer: A

Day 1, number of bacteria = 100

Day 2,
$$1/2 \times 100 = 50$$
 more bacteria produces, total = 150

Day 3,
$$1/3 \times 150 = 50$$
 more bacteria produces, total = 200

Day 4,
$$1/4 \times 200 = 50$$
 more bacteria produces, total = 250

And so on

This forms an AP with 1st term as 100 and common difference = 50

Let the required day = dth day

Solving,
$$100 + (d-1) 50 \ge 1000$$

$$=> (d-1) \ge 18$$

$$=> d \ge 19$$

Hence, on 19th day, the total number of bacteria will be more than or equal to 1000

14. Correct Answer: B

Let the total number of registered voters = 300x

 \Rightarrow total number of votes casted = 240x

Number of votes one candidate received = 30% of 240x = 72x

Remaining votes = 240x - 72x = 168x

Number of votes received by other three candidates

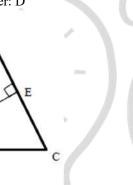
$$1/6 \times 168x = 28x$$
, $2/6 \times 168x = 56x$ and $3/6 \times 168x = 84x$

Given,
$$84x - 72x = 2512$$

$$=> 12x = 2512$$

$$=>300x=62800$$

15. Correct Answer: D



In triangle AEB, Let AE = BE = a

 \Rightarrow AB = $a\sqrt{2}$

In triangle ADB,

 $\sin x = AD/AB$

 \Rightarrow AD = AB sin x

 $= a\sqrt{2} \sin x$

Required ratio.

AD/BE

 $= (a\sqrt{2} \sin x)/a$

 $= \sqrt{2} \sin x$

16. Correct Answer: 20

Let total investment by Mr. Pinto = 15P

 $1/5 \times 15P = 3P$ at 6% SI

 $1/3 \times 15P = 5P$ at 10% SI

Remaining, 15P - (3P + 5P) = 7P at 1% SI

Let the required number of years = t

Total simple interest = $(3P \times 6/100 + 5P \times 10/100 + 7P \times 1/100) \times t \ge 15P$

Solving, $75P/100 \times t \ge 15P$

NTIFIERS

ACADEMY

$$=> t \ge 20$$

Hence, the minimum number of years = 20 years

17. Correct Answer: B

We know, (7!)! = 5040! and (8!)! = 40320!

Hence, the maximum value that can divide 15000! is (7!)!

18. Correct Answer: 14

Given,
$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + ... + a_N = 300N$$

Also,
$$6a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + ... + a_N = 400N$$

Subtracting,
$$5a_1 = 100N$$

$$=> a_1 = 20N$$

Now, starting from
$$N = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a₁ = 20 is the only value, the average required is 300, not possible

$$N = 2 \Rightarrow a_1 = 40$$
 and $a_2 = 560$, such that average = 300, possible

At N = 15,
$$a_1 = 300 = a_2 = a_3 = ... = a_{15}$$
, average = 300, possible

At
$$N = 16$$
, $a_1 = 320$ and since the sequence is non-decreasing,

$$a_2$$
, a_3 , a_4 , ... ≥ 320 and cannot have average = 300, not possible

Hence, possible values of $a_1 = 14$ (for N = 2 to 15, inclusive)

19. Correct Answer: C

$$A_n = 3 + 7 + 11 + 15 + \dots$$

$$A_n = n/2 [2 \times 3 + (n-1) 4]$$

$$A_n = n/2 (6 + 4n - 4)$$

$$A_n = 2n^2 + n$$

$$\frac{1}{25} \sum_{i}^{25} A_{n} = \frac{1}{25} \sum_{i}^{25} (2n^{2} + n) = \frac{1}{25} (2 \sum_{i}^{25} n^{2} + \sum_{i}^{25} n)$$

$$= \frac{1}{25} \left[\frac{2 \times 25 \times 26 \times 51}{6} + \frac{25 \times 26}{2} \right]$$

$$= 442 + 13$$

 $z = 455$

20. Correct Answer: 12

Given,
$$f(x^2 - x) = 5$$

Putting
$$x = 1$$
, $f(0) = 5$

$$f(1) + f(0) - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow f(1) = -4$$

$$f(2) + f(1) - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow f(2) = 5$$

$$f(3) + f(2) - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow f(3) = -4$$

$$f(4) + f(3) - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow f(4) = 5$$

$$f(5) + f(4) - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow f(5) = -4$$

And so on

$$f(odd value) = -4$$
 and $f(even value) = 5$

Also,
$$g(x) = x^2$$

$$f(g(5)) + g(f(5)) = f(25) + g(-4)$$

CADEMY

$$= -4 + 16 = 12$$

21. Correct Answer: 47

$$(4 - \log_2 n)/(3 - \log_4 n) < 0$$

$$(4 - \log_2 n)(3 - \log_4 n)/(3 - \log_4 n)^2 < 0$$

$$(4 - \log_2 n)(3 - \log_4 n) < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 - \log_2 n < 0 \text{ and } 3 - \log_4 n) > 0$$

$$=> 4 < \log_2 n \text{ and } 3 > \log_4 n$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 n > 2⁴ = 16 and n < 4³ = 64

$$\Rightarrow 16 < n < 64$$

Hence, the number of integral solutions for n = 47

22. Correct Answer: B

Given, a + 2b = 6 where a and b are non-negative real numbers

The maximum value of a + b = 6 when a = 6 and b = 0

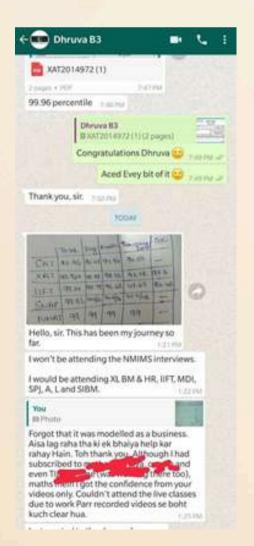
And the minimum value of a + b = 3 when a = 0 and b = 3

Hence, the required average = (6 + 3)/2 = 4.5

ACADEMY



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